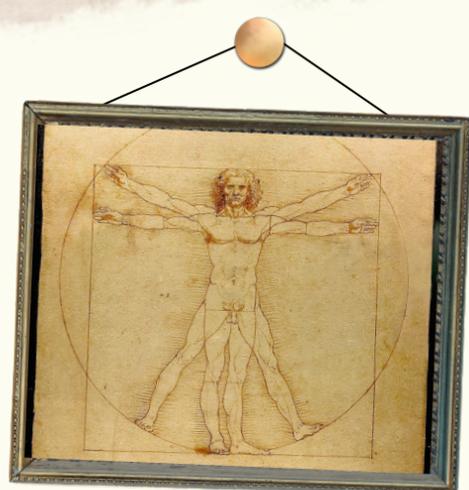


# Am I a Humanist?

“Renaissance Humanism was an intellectual movement typified by a revived interest in the classical world and studies which focussed not on religion but on what it is to be human”



## Belief on Humans

The humanist believed that humans were the center of the world, as the catholic church, Christianity, the biggest religion at that time, believed that God was the center of the world. The humanist also believed that human beings were not created, but instead evolved naturally. Their beliefs on humans had led their way throughout secularism, and individualism and other beliefs. They believed that education could dramatically change the status and the human being itself which leads to my next point.



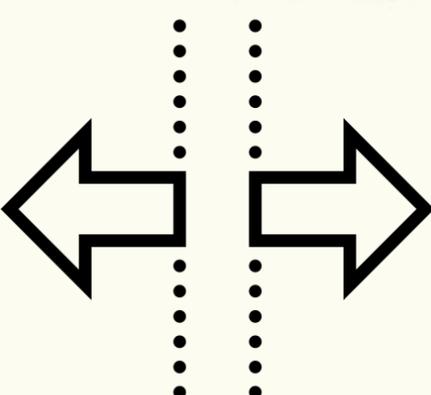
## Education

Education was a key factor of the renaissance for the humanist. They made schools and books to education one and give the citizens knowledge. They wanted to run their society successfully, make their people wise, and built great cities. That is why books in the renaissance was so valuable than what we have now. They looked in old books because of the wisdom of classical texts.



## Secularism

Secularism sought to separate worldly matters from religious authority and influence. Scholars and thinkers tried to understand the physical universe through observation, experimentation, and reason, rather than relying solely on religious beliefs. This led to advancements in fields such as astronomy, anatomy, and physics.



## Individualism

One of the key aspects of individualism was the belief in human potential and the idea that individuals had the capacity to shape their own lives and pursue their own goals. This shift in thinking encouraged people to focus on personal achievements, self-expression, and self-improvement.



## Egalitarianism

Humanists in the Renaissance criticized the rigid social hierarchies and believed that people should be recognized and rewarded based on their abilities and achievements rather than their social status or family background. They promoted the idea of a "meritocracy," where individuals would be valued and given opportunities based on their talents and hard work, rather than factors like wealth or inherited privilege.



I am mostly a humanist and mostly believe in the aspects of the humanism in the renaissance. However, I do not agree with the belief of secularism. I strongly believe that the education of one can make one successful and the belief that people should be recognized by the human itself rather than the social standing of a person.

